



Moon Struck Hosta

Hosta 'Moon Struck'

Plant Height: 10 inches

Flower Height: 14 inches

Spread: 18 inches

Spacing: 15 inches

Sunlight: ● ●

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

Description:

A creamy yellow leaf center that matures to white with wide, blue-green margins; leaf is long and narrow; spikes of violet flowers in mid-summer; an interesting eye catching variety

Ornamental Features

Moon Struck Hosta features dainty spikes of violet tubular flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive heart-shaped leaves remain creamy white in color with distinctive bluish-green edges and tinges of buttery yellow throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Moon Struck Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Moon Struck Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;



Moon Struck Hosta foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Moon Struck Hosta
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

North Hanley
4215 North Hanley Road
St. Louis, MO 63121
(314) 428.9878

St. Charles
3200 Greens Bottom Road
St. Charles, MO 63304
(636) 447.2230



- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

Planting & Growing

Moon Struck Hosta will grow to be about 10 inches tall at maturity extending to 14 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 18 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 15 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain low and dense right to the ground. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.